

Differing Perspectives of Belief and Religion in the Early Modern Period

Lesson Enquiry Question	Main disc. focus	Substantive knowledge covered	Key terms
Why did Martin Luther's ideas 'go viral'?	Causation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Who Martin Luther was. The key Protestant ideas that Luther introduced. The differences between Catholicism and Protestantism. The big reasons why Protestantism spread so quickly and so widely including: his ideas resonated with people, the role of technology, the ideas were understood by a large audience and others passed the ideas on. Smaller substantive knowledge supporting the big reasons above 	Protestant, Reformation, indulgences, sermon, printing press, excommunicate
How should we tell the story of Richard Whiting's execution?	Interpretations / historiography	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The gruesome murder of Whiting. Differing definitions of what history actually is. Who Leopold Von Ranke was and what he believed about history. Who David Starkey is and what he believes school history is. 	Tor, Abbot noose, gallows, deterrence, disemboweling, quartering.
Why was Richard Whiting executed?	Causation / change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The reasons behind the dissolution of the monasteries in England. Henry VIII and his divorce and money problems. The creation of the Church of England. Thomas Cromwell and his role in inspecting monasteries. The practices of some monks and abbots including their rule breaking. 	monastery, abbot, treason, Reformation
Why was the inside of St. Winifred's Church vandalised in the 1500s? (Overview of the English Reformation).	Change	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The differences between Catholicism and Protestantism. Key changes to religious practices made by Henry VIII. Key changes to religious practices made by Edward VI. Key changes to religious practices made by Mary I. Key changes to religious practices made by Elizabeth I. How the English Reformation affected a local Devonshire church. 	Reformation, monastery, superstition, communion, compromise.
To what extent were ordinary people impacted by the Reformation?	Diversity / Change Interpretation / historiography	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Definition of Whig history. Definition of 'revisionist' history. How the Reformation was 'felt' by numerous individuals across England 	Whig, revisionist, heretic, renounce, Religious Settlement, vestments